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GI PRISONERS ENTOMBED IN RAILWAY TUNNEL

Opposition to Australian bill withdrawn

Canberra, October 16. The Federal Executive of the Australian Labour Party today directed the Parliamentary Party to withdraw its opposition to the Government's anti-Communist bill in the form in which it is before the Senate.

The Senate, where Labour retained its majority after the Party's defeat in last year's general election, has prevented the bill from becoming law since October 4.

After today's decision, Labour was expected to abandon its fight to put the onus of proof on the government when people are produced as Communists and to allow them to appeal to the High Court. The Prime Minister has said he will go to the country because of the Senate's challenge.

Today's executive decision was by eight votes to four, an authoritative source said. The bill would empower the Governor-General to "declare" a person his minister considered to be engaged or likely to be engaged in activities prejudicial to the defence or the maintenance of law.

It would rest with the "declared" person to disprove the allegation unless he gave evidence on oath. "Declared" persons would lose their Government, trade union and key industrial jobs.

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The executive statement said the decision to withdraw Labour's opposition was made "to test the sincerity of the Menzies Government before the people and give the lie to its false, slanderous allegations against the Labour Party." — Reuter.

Russia massing troops near Turkey, Iran

Istanbul, October 16. Russia is massing troops on the frontier with Turkey and Iran, usually reliable sources reported last night.

An estimated six divisions from Leningrad were said to have drawn up along the Turkish border just East of Kars. Four of these divisions, according to intelligence reports, are trained in guerrilla fighting, and one company of light artillery is now encamped at Erivan, near the frontier where Russia, Turkey and Iran join.

There is no way to confirm these reports officially, but they came from Kars and were also disclosed by a source which is seldom wrong.

This source also said the Russians have been instigating Kurdish revolts in Iran, and recently sent into Iran enough equipment to supply two divisions. — Associated Press.

South Koreans race to save 800 Americans

PYONGYANG DRIVE GAINS GROUND

Tokyo, October 16.

A South Korean mercy patrol tonight sped towards a railway tunnel prison, where 800 American prisoners of war were reported entombed after a 150-mile death march from Seoul.

A handful of survivors from the massacre of 500 South Koreans, who tramped almost naked and without food alongside the Americans told a tale of forced marches through bitterly cold nights to keep ahead of the advancing ROK troops.

Reports from the front line said that the survivors reported that the Americans, some too weak to walk without help from their comrades, were walled up in a tunnel 20 miles North of Yonghung on the East coast.

Half a dozen Koreans had lived through the dundum bullet slaying of 500 Southern prisoners in a gully just North of Yonghung.

Advancing ROK troops, taken to the scene of the atrocity this afternoon by excited villagers from the victims, many with heads almost completely shot away, lying piled up with hands behind their backs.

The survivors said they were treated tolerably well while imprisoned in Seoul but when the march began a week before the South Korean capital was freed, they had almost nothing to eat and no clothing.

Guards kept them moving day and night and apparently decided to shoot the Southerners to speed the movement of the column.

Another report from Wonsan said that 170 people had been shot by the retreating Northerners and their bodies thrown into the sea.

Elements of the 24th rolled into Yonan, 48 miles North West of Seoul and six miles South of the 38th Parallel frontier on the West coast highway to Pyongyang. Its first major objective is the key port and transport centre of Haeju, just North of the frontier and 63 miles South of Pyongyang. Yonan lies 28 miles East South East of Haeju.

The 24th Division—the first American unit to go into action in Korea last July 5—took over the Western end of the massive ulcerator which General MacArthur is tightening around Pyongyang.

The 24th Division, commanded by Major-General William Kean, was moved North from mop-up duties in Southern Korea for the climactic drive toward Pyongyang. Still in the lead in the race for the Red capital is the South Korean First Division. The South Koreans are only 38 miles South East of Pyongyang after reaching

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Wool,
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Personalia

Miss D. V. Siem, Mrs. Tran Thanh, Messrs. C. Q. C. E. Enstoh, J. Faiveau, Fung Kin and Long left for Saigon yesterday by Air France.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Deville, Messrs. R. Societ, E. M. Wright, J. M. Elshenken-Holm, G. V. Lammiman, E. Zrubek, A. D. E. Lowe, P. A. Bloody, Ha Toan and Luu Doul arrived here from Indo-China yesterday by Air France.

Arrivals from Tientsin and Tsingtao yesterday by the ss. Hunan included W. Kirkwood, G. M. Headley, Mrs. M. Y. Headley, D. E. Bull, R. W. Fraser, C. F. Pow, B. A. Shirane, Mrs. E. Lewis, R. Bourgery, Mrs. G. M. T. Bourgery, A. Gallant, Mrs. S. Gallant, U. A. Neukom, Mrs. B. Neukom, E. Egle, L. Goni, Mrs. C. V. Goni, Miss L. Virgona, Miss I. M. Virgona, Mrs. O. Donatello, M. L. Suri and Hoo Shih-chong.

Felix Roussel cocktail party

A cocktail party will be held aboard the mv. Felix Roussel on Saturday evening to mark her first voyage to Hong Kong after reconversion.

The 17,100-ton French liner, sister ship of the La Marseillaise, is due to berth at Kowloon Wharf on Friday on arrival from Saigon.

Local shipping circles have already been invited to the occasion by Messagers Maritimes, owners of the vessel.

The Felix Roussel (Captain P. Alix) is replacing the Charnon on the "MM" Orient run. (The three funnelled liner left here last August on her last trip from the East. She is being reconverted into a modern liner for the Mediterranean cruise service.)

This will not be the first visit of the Felix Roussel. She was here on regular schedules before the war in her original design and once after Liberation as a trooper.

Her reconversion (June, 1948) at Dunkirk has incorporated up-to-date amenities and latest navigational aids, including modern security devices providing insurance against fires and other accidents.

A trooper during the war serving the Allied forces, the French liner has air-conditioned dining rooms and lounges in the first-class accommodation, besides comfortable and spacious "rooms" for various forms of recreation.

In the way of cargo-loading and unloading facilities, the Felix Roussel has 18 winches from 10-ton to five-ton lifts.

EXHIBITION OF CHATER COLLECTION

During this week the library and reading room of the British Council will be closed for the exhibition of the Chater Collection of Paintings and Engravings. Film and gramophone record loan services will also be suspended during this period. Normal services will be resumed on October 24.

The exhibition will be open to the public from tomorrow to Saturday, from 9 a.m. to 8.30 p.m. daily.



Mr. and Mrs. Adrianus Koolewijn shown after their wedding yesterday at St. John's Cathedral. The bride is the former Miss Joan Winifred Gladys Scarley. — ("China Mail" photo).

Weddings

Koolewijn—Scarley

At St. John's Cathedral yesterday, Miss Joan Winifred Gladys Scarley, Queen Mary Hospital nursing sister, became the bride of Mr. Adrianus Koolewijn, son of Mr. Adrianus Koolewijn and Mrs. Teuna Hendrica Koolewijn.

The bride is the daughter of Mr. Mark Scarley and Mrs. Elizabeth Agnes Scarley.

The Rt. Rev. R. O. Hall, Bishop of Hong Kong, officiated. Given away by Mr. J. Albert Smith, the bride wore a gown of white corded silk taffeta with lace yoke and sleeves. She held a bouquet of tuber roses.

Miss Margaret Douglas was the bridesmaid. She was gowned in pink and blue figured silk with black accessories, and carried a bouquet of pink gladioli.

Mr. J. Oost performed the duties of best man.

The reception was held at the Takkoo Dock Club after the wedding.

The honeymoon will be spent at Repulse Bay. The bride's going-away dress was one of powder blue crepe with white accessories.

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Domestic capital in ECAFE area

Mr. M. L. Qureshi, of ECAFE Secretariat, has left for New York and Washington to consult officials of the International Monetary Fund about the mobilisation of domestic capital in the ECAFE region. He will also consult the Food and Agriculture Organisation about the study on chemical fertilisers which was undertaken jointly by ECAFE and FAO.

He will confer with the United Nations Headquarters about foreign investment laws in ECAFE countries, a report on which was submitted to the last session of the Commission held in Bangkok in May this year.

The Commission recommended that the report should be published for wider circulation, especially for the benefit of prospective foreign investors.

Mr. Qureshi will also familiarise himself with the working of the International Monetary Fund and the World Bank, so as to acquaint himself with the approach of these two institutions to the problems of the ECAFE region.

A course of seven lectures explaining and commenting on the main features and types of education as it exists at present in England will be given weekly at the British Council Centre, the Gloucester Building, starting on Thursday, October 28.

The introductory lecture, "The Democratic Principle in Education" will be given by L. S. Pearson, MA, MED, of the British Council. The time of the lecture is 5.30 p.m.

A course of three lectures on some British painters and draughtsmen will be given by A. C. Scott, ARCA on October 30 (British Caricaturists, Illustrated by Epidiascope); November 6 (William Hogarth, Illustrated by a film-strip); November 20 (Thomas Rowlandson, Illustrated by Epidiascope).

All the lectures will start at 5.30 p.m.

The Hong Kong YWCA acknowledged receipt of the following during September:

"B. Bernachet, Esq. (GU contribution) \$50; Diocesan Boys School (3rd contribution) \$200; Dr. A. P. Gutierrez \$10; Hon. J. C. McLean (3rd contribution) \$10; Royal Naval Hospital and Convalescent Home (6th contribution) \$10; The H. Club (5th contribution) \$10; Sponsor of Art Club \$100; Total \$27.00.

A total of \$2,172.00.

The Hong Kong YWCA acknowledged with grateful thanks the following donations for its building fund:

\$10,000 "each from Mrs. Wong Te-chuen; \$5,000 "each from a friend and Mrs. Tung-pui; \$5,000 "each from Mrs. Phoenix Wong-kei and Messrs. David H. and Co.; \$10,000 "each from Mr. F. H. Dabber and Co.; \$10,000 "each from Mr. A. S. Wilson Co., Ltd.; \$10,000 "each from Mrs. Lau Ching-kuo; Mrs. Chan Ha-man, Miss Ho Puk-fun, Mr. and Mrs. M. D. Cooper, Mr. Mu Shiu-ki, Mr. Tse Chu, Miss Mow Yuk-keun, Yuen Yung Restaurant; The Ip Jewellery, Tai Loy Jewellery, Gets Bros. and Co., and Bidder, J. Jackson.

Up to October 10, the total sum of \$124,120,000 has been received.

PRINCESS BACK IN LONDON

Balmoral, October 15. Princess Elizabeth, together with her two children and her sister, Princess Margaret, who had been spending a holiday in Scotland, left the "China Mail" for the unopened busk (converted truck) in the New Territories for Beijing (Möngke). They are to be married on November 20, and the wedding will be held in the church of the Holy Cross.

Mr. Louey, told the "China Mail" that the unopened busk (converted truck) in the New Territories for Beijing (Möngke).

Princess Charlotte, aged 22 months, will be the bride, and Princess Anne, aged eight, will be the maid of honour.

Princess Margaret, who is to be married on November 20, will be the maid of honour.

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THE CHINA MAIL, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1950.

Canton officially declared open to foreign shipping

Reminders

Today

HK Rotary Club, luncheon, Roof Garden, HK Hotel, 12.30 p.m.

NAAFI Club, Kowloon, table tennis tournament, 8 p.m.

Bridge Drive, European YMCA, 8 p.m.

Nine Dragons Services Club, whist drive, (Cash Prizes) 7.30 p.m.

Choero Services Club, Whist Drive, 8 p.m.

YWCA, English-Speaking Group, lecture on Flower Arranging by Mrs. R. P. Newell, Duddell Street, 3 p.m.

NAAFI Club, Kowloon, Table Tennis, 8 p.m.

HK Football Association, Council meeting, Prince's Bidg., 5.15 p.m.

HK Red Club, practice at Helena May Institute, 5.30 p.m.

HK Light Orchestra, rehearsal, St. John's Cathedral Hall, 7 p.m.

St. Thomas More Association, dinner at Cafe Wiseman, 7.30 p.m.

Coming events

TOMORROW
Coc H meeting, 50, Macdonnell Road, 8.30 p.m.

Union Jack Club, Whist Drive, 7.45 p.m.

NAAFI Club, Kowloon, darts, 8 p.m.

Nine Dragons Services Club, dancing class, 6 p.m.; boxing classes, 7 p.m.; film, "Heart Beat", 8.30 p.m.

Choero Services Club, whist drive, 8 p.m.

Baroda facing defeat

Baroda, October 15. At the end of the second day's play in the Commonwealth versus Baroda cricket match here today the home side, 89 runs behind on the first innings, had scored 79 for the loss of two second innings wickets.

The Commonwealth were all in their first innings soon after lunch for 248 in reply to Baroda's 159.

A feature of the Commonwealth batting was the 84 of Jack Worrell, the West Indian, 40 not out overnight, as beaten by Vijay Hazare within 15 minutes of the start day, but then Worrell was joined by Ken Grieves and they added 82 in 62 minutes, Grieves scoring very fast.

Worrell played a masterly innings hitting out whenever opportunity offered.

The new ball had been taken at 161 and the fourth wicket stand was soon broken. In fact Vijay Hazare caused a collapse, his last seven wickets falling for 79 runs; with Hazare claiming five of them for 43 in 10.5 overs with the new ball.

Hazare did not get Worrell, however; this distinction falling to Gul Mohammed, a former Test player.

Hazare helped by making the catch, and the latter returned his compliment by taking Baroda off Hazare's bowling to complete the dismissal of the Commonwealth.

Baroda made a bad start to their second innings, losing their opening pair with only 17 on the board, but Gaekwad and Hazare then engaged in a so far unbroken stand of 62 to improve matters.—Reuter.

Second innings

Baroda, October 16. The Commonwealth cricket touring team dismissed Baroda for 204 in their second innings, 40 minutes after lunch on the third and last day of their match here. Baroda's overnight total was 79 for two.

In the first innings, Baroda scored 159 and then the Commonwealth who scored 248, need 16 runs to win.—Reuter.

PLASTIC SPRAY

There, surface, the modern way... protective coating... flexible... repellent... quick drying... etc.

The protection to your drawings—protective—artwork—leather—curves—etc.—be it a... application... etc.

THE EVERGREEN

The Chinese Communist authorities have for the first time since they took over control of the Chinese continent officially declared open an inland river port to foreign vessels.

The authorities in Canton promulgated on Sunday a ruling on foreign vessels calling at the Pearl River port.

The regulation, providing that the passenger list as well as other shipping certificates should be forwarded to the port authorities within 24 hours of the vessel's arrival in Canton, implies that passenger ships flying foreign flags would be permitted to navigate the Pearl River estuary.

As a preparatory measure to meet an increasing number of vessels calling at Canton, the Chinese Customs facilities at Tachan Island, off the Pearl River estuary just outside Hong Kong waters, have been expanded.

New spacious buildings have been erected and more personnel and patrol boats have been transferred to this main check station.

Reports from Canton further revealed that with a view to facilitate the freight transportation between Hong Kong and Canton by ships, the Communist authorities, in a recent ruling, have dispensed with the complicated procedure of inspecting at Tachan the cargo carried to Canton by vessels of more than 200 tons.

These vessels, in leaving the port of departure, should have the holds containing cargo destined for Canton sealed up. When they reach the check station at Tachan, only import manifests would be required to be shown to the Customs officers there.

Local reaction

Local shipping circles, who have been hoping that the Chinese authorities would relax the hitherto stringent ruling forbidding foreign vessels to call at a Chinese inland river port, yesterday reacted favourably to the latest Communist announcement.

However, while local shipping sources expect a full-scale freight service between the two ports to be resumed sooner than they had thought before, they did not think that the resumption of passenger service would be easy.

One source, who owns a number of foreign-flagged ships lying idle in Hong Kong, said: "We would be glad to have our ships running again between Hong Kong and Canton, as in pre-liberation days. But we are still highly sceptical whether the immigration restrictions in Hong Kong and the over-prudent attitude of the Chinese Communists in preventing unreliable elements from infiltrating into China would delay resumption of passenger service."—Reuter.

Other sources contacted likewise reserved their optimism on the prospect of an early resumption of passenger service between the two ports and confined themselves to a wait-and-see attitude.

Entry permit

According to the latest ruling on foreign vessels calling at Canton, as announced by the Harbour Bureau there, a foreign vessel must apply for an entry permit, a pilot, and furnish a foreign vessel entry report before entering the port.

Navigation log book, engine room log, fumigation certificate, crew list, passenger list, import manifest, and other shipping documents must be handed in within 24 hours of the vessel's arrival in port, or within 48 hours of the vessel's mooring outside the port.

In applying for exit permit with the Harbour Bureau 24 hours before the departure of the vessel, the master or the vessel's agent should furnish a detailed exit report, passenger list, export manifest, customs clearance, post certificate and other shipping documents. The local pilot should be on board the vessel when she leaves the port.

The exit permit would be valid for 24 hours and if the vessel fails to leave port within 24 hours after the permit has been issued, a new one would be required.

Finally, foreign vessels are forbidden to hire tugs other than those hired through the Harbour Bureau.

SUPER-COMETS FORECAST

New York, October 14. Dr. Fred Whipple, Harvard University astronomer, believes that the world may see comets far more spectacular than Halley's which last appeared in 1910 and scared the wits out of a lot of people.

Whipple told the National Academy of Sciences there are probably 100,000,000,000 comets zooming around in the solar system. His studies show the nucleus of the average comet to be about two miles in diameter and that it is 100,000 times

UK opposes Rhee's claim

London, October 16. Britain today opposed any claim by President Syngman Rhee's South Korean Government to jurisdiction over North Korea.

The Foreign Office spokesman said the South Korean Government was chosen in elections that were considered to apply only to the part of the country South of the 38th Parallel.

He said: "When the elections took place we were endorsing the view of the United Nations Commission that they reflected the valid expression of Southern Korea and were related only to that country. This is still the view of His Majesty's Government."—United Press.

TITO REFORMS RATIONING

Belgrade, October 15. Yugoslavia will abolish rationing for special classes, such as State officials, artists and scientists, from November 1, the Communist newspaper, "Borba," announced.

After that date no one will get bigger shares of food or industrial goods than the top category of workers—miners and railwaymen.

Restrictions on motor cars, to save petrol, will apply impartially to the highest public officials.

Office furnishings are among the goods in which strict economy has been ordered.—Reuter.

REDS ARRESTED IN COLOMBIA

Bogota, Colombia, October 14.

The police arrested 40 Communists holding a secret meeting last night at Ibagué, capital of the province of Tolima, according to the newspaper "El Liberal."

The meeting had the characteristics of a conspiracy of nation-wide scope, the paper alleged.

The report said that the Soviet Union's peace offensive aims at localising the Korean war to enable the North Koreans to hold on to a strip of the country in the North.

It added that the Soviet offensive may force the United States to withdraw her fleet from the Formosa Straits and even recognise the Peking Government, thus opening the way for Peking to liberate Formosa.

In addition, 200 women and children, dependents of workers thrown out of work as a result of the closing of the Fung Keong Rubber Works, were fed two meals daily during the last 12 days of the quarter under review.

Camp and normally some 40 pregnant women are accommodated in North Point Camp.

Homunthin houses

A further 86 houses have been erected at Homunthin by the Relief and Rehabilitation Committee. As all the funds contributed by the public in aid of Kowloon City fire victim (namely \$185,160.54) were used in the erection of the first 152 houses (which have been rented out at \$50 a month to fire victims), and in order to pay for the erection of these further 86 houses it was necessary to call for payment of erection expenses for these houses by the occupants on taking possession.

As a result of this requirement only 18 families of fire victims were able to avail themselves of obtaining a house. It appears that in the meantime all victims had found alternative accommodation; thus the Committee arranged to offer these houses to families approved by any of the Kai-fong Welfare Associations.

All these houses have now been taken up.

With effect from October 1 the rent of the 168 houses first erected is to be reduced from \$50 a month to \$40. When the erection costs of these houses have been fully subscribed by the occupants these tenants will continue to occupy at a nominal administrative fee of \$5 a month.

Plans are now in hand to erect 20 more houses and a temporary market for meat, fish and vegetables. Fire victims and squatters in the area are being given first preference to run the shops and market stalls.

It is hoped by charging a "Goodwill" fee to each shopkeeper of 10 per cent more than the cost of erection of the shop together with rents which are collected from the houses and shops to provide funds to erect

and run a free school for the residents in the area.

The school is a kindergarten and

the children are taught

the ABCs, numbers, etc.

It is hoped that the

parents will help to

keep the school running.

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CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

20 Words \$2 for 1 insertion
\$1 for every additional insertion
10 cents every additional word per insertion
(Alternate Insertions 10% Extra)

BIRTHS, DEATHS, MARRIAGES, PERSONAL \$5 per insertion
20 words, 25 cents every additional word per insertion.

Classified Advertisements, accepted up to 6 p.m. for publication
in the following day's paper.

Replies for the following Box Nos. are awaiting collection.

Replies will be forwarded to the Advertiser if requested on
the original form which should bear their names and addresses.

A suitable announcement will be inserted Free of Charge if
Advertisers' requirements are satisfactorily answered.

POSITIONS WANTED

EXCELLENT Shanghai cookboy
with wife wash ash and honest
hardworker experience many
years European cooking with best
References seeks employment.
Apply Box 631 "China Mail".

REGISTERED qualified English
teacher B.A., St. John's University,
teaching grant-in-aid school
for 2 years, seeks employment
Box 625 "China Mail".

WANTED KNOWN

GRAPHO-ANALYSIS offers you
an impartial character reading of
your REAL SELF! Simply send
in a sample of your ordinary
handwriting with HK\$10. and a
Confidential Character Analysis
will be sent to you from JOE
PENN, Grapho-Analyst, contri-
butor to "The Sunday Herald."

RADIO REPAIRS performed by
trained technicians under foreign
supervision. Modern, accurate
method—no guesswork. Repairs
include cleaning and checking
chassis. Moderate rates, reliable
work. Our reputation is your
guarantee. Phone 26310, and
we'll do the rest. Colonial
Agencies, School Building, 14
Queen's Road.

LADIES, we have at your service
all specialized operations for
Helene Curtis' cool waves,
machineless oil perms, hairdyes &
manicures—ROSE MARIE Beauty
Parlour—Phone 50384—43, Han-
Kow Road, Kowloon.

PEKING ART RUG CO., 231A
Nathan Rd., Kowloon, sell ex-
clusively carpets and rugs. Please
drop in and have a look.

CLASSIFIED
ADVERTISEMENTS

MAY BE BOOKED AT THE
SWINDON BOOK STORE, 25
NATHAN ROAD, TEL. 58327.

TO LET

TO LET in English Home one
large room, suitable for married
business couple or one bachelor
(two batchelors if willing to share
room). Meals and laundry by
arrangement. Telephone and other
modern conveniences. Apply Box
629 "Sunday Herald".

ACCOMODATION
WANTED

REGULAR Army Warrant Officer,
wife and child urgently require
accommodation, married or
verandah. Rent \$300—\$500. Kow-
loon, Box 630 "China Mail".

FOR SALE

CONVENIENT EASY Way to own
a New Pilot Radio. Whether you
need a bedside midget, large table
model, or luxury radiogram—
we have a "Pilot" to suit. Terms as
low as only \$20 per month. Colonial
Agencies, School Building, 14
Queen's Road. Phone 26310.

CHINA MAIL PICTORIAL (Re-
vised edition) at \$3.00 per copy.
Obtainable at all Leading Book
Stores and "China Mail" Office.

SCRIBBLING PADS—100 pages
at 50 cents each. On sale at
"China Mail" Office, Windsor
House, Tel. 32812.

NOTICE

DOLLAR DIRECTORY
(1951 EDITION)

WILL ALL FIRMS, CLUBS,
SCHOOLS, ETC., KINDLY
REVISE THEIR COPIES AND
RETURN TO THE NEWS-
PAPER ENTERPRISE LTD.,
WINDSOR HOUSE, WITHOUT
FURTHER DELAY.

SPYING ARRESTS
IN RED CHINA

London, October 15.
Communist China said today
it had arrested 28,000 persons
since January, 1949, on charges
of spying for the U.S. and
Chiang Kai-shek's Nationalist
Government.

The figure was contained in a
broadcast report on the opening
of a new photo exhibition in
Peking purporting to show how
"U.S. imperialists had been
working hand in glove with
Kuomintang (Nationalist) secret
agents in counter-revolutionary
activities against the Chinese
people."

The broadcast by the New
China News Agency said:
"Photos showing the espionage
activities of Douglas S. Mac-
Kernan, Vice-Consul at the
former U.S. Consulate in Tibet
(Sinkiang province, China) are
drawing particular interest of
thousands who go to the exhibition."

Mr. Mackernan was killed
last April 13 when his party,
attempting to cross into Tibet on
its flight from China, was fired on
by Tibetan border guards in the
Himalayan mountains. Tibet
said in apologising to the U.S.
that the guards mistook the party
for bandits or Communist raiders.
—Associated Press.

NOTICE
SUGAR

Industrial users of sugar are
requested to submit to the Department of Commerce and Industry, Supplies Branch, by 24th October at the latest, details of their requirements of refined and brown sugar for manufacturing purposes for each of the months November, 1950, to April, 1951, in order that arrangements may be made for distribution.

2. Where the applicant is a member of a trade association, the application should where possible be endorsed by the association.

3. Details should also be given of the quantity of sugar consumed during the months November, 1949, to April, 1950, with supporting evidence where possible. If present requirements are in excess of these quantities, reasons for the increase should be stated.

ARTHUR CLARKE,
Director,
Commerce & Industry.
October 16, 1950.

THE TEACHING OF
PORTUGUESE IN
HONG KONG

NOTICE

The classes of Portuguese
for adults will be resumed on
Thursday, 18th October, 1950, at
the Club Lusitano at 5.30 p.m.

REV. A. HENRIQUES

NOTICE
THE HONG KONG CLUB

Members of the Hong Kong Club are reminded that an Extraordinary General Meeting will be held in the Club House at 5.30 p.m. on Thursday, 9th November, 1950.

By Order of the Committee,
K. W. KIRBY,
Secretary.

NORTH POINT WHARVES, LIMITED

DELIVERY ORDERS

As from Monday, 18th October, 1950, we have opened an Office at our North Point Godowns, to which direct application should be made for delivery of cargo.

FAR EAST MOTORS LIMITED

CHANGE OF TELEPHONE

EFFECTIVE WEDNESDAY 11TH OCTOBER 1950

OUR TELEPHONE NUMBER WILL BE

52029

NOTICE

DOLLAR DIRECTORY

(1951 EDITION)

WILL ALL FIRMS, CLUBS,
SCHOOLS, ETC., KINDLY
REVISE THEIR COPIES AND
RETURN TO THE NEWS-
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FURTHER DELAY.

HARRIMAN REALTY CO., LTD.

King's Building (2nd floor) 9 Connaught Rd., Hong Kong.

Real Estate Brokers and Valuers

CHANGE OF TELEPHONE NUMBER

Please note that our telephone number is now 52029.

Telegrams: "Harriman"

Tel: 38846

TWO PRIVATE MOTOR CARS
ORDERED CONFISCATED

Two private motor cars were ordered confiscated by Mr. F. X. d'Almada and Mr. R. W. S. Winter at Kowloon Magistracy yesterday morning as the vehicles were involved in two cases of breach of Revenue Department rules and regulations.

The two cases in which the vehicles were involved were a case of possession of dutiable Chinese tobacco and another of attempted export of motor car and driving a car which had a bad tire.

The man was fined \$275 for the three offences. The petrol was ordered to be confiscated.

CHURCH STEEPLE
CRASHES

Verona, October 15.
The 55-metre high church steeple at nearby Arcole suddenly crumpled and crashed to the ground at 8 a.m. today.

Miraculously none of the village's 4,500 inhabitants were injured when the steeple, topped with a statue of St. George and the dragon, crashed to the cobblestone streets.

Many villagers and children had left the church a short while before the crash and were out of the danger zone. —Associated Press.

JAP PRISONERS
IN MANCHURIA

Moji, October 14.
There are at least 50,000 Japanese nationals being held prisoner in Manchuria by the Chinese Communists, according to a repatriate who returned here.

Masatros Ouedera, of Hokkaido, said most of them are technicians who were captured by the Eighth Route Army and are now working in mines. Ouedera and 18 others were repatriated aboard a Panamanian freighter which came to Kyushu with Manchurian coal. —Associated Press.

FAROUK IN SICILY

Troina, October 15.
King Farouk of Egypt, on board his personal yacht, escorted by two Egyptian destroyers, arrived in the harbour here today.

Farouk listed the little town at the foot of Mount Etna and had lunch with his party in one of the town's hotels. In the evening Farouk and his party left Troina and the yacht, escorted by the warships, weighed anchor and headed for Egypt. —Associated Press.

Flying saucers again
make the front pages

London, October 15.

Britain's mass-circulation of Sunday newspapers broke out today with a severe rash of flying saucer-itis.

Four of the weeklies with a combined circulation of nearly 7,000,000 devoted much of their front pages to a debate on this already much-debated subject.

Both Lord Beaverbrook's "Sunday Express" and the "Sunday Dispatch" continued their independent series of articles they started last week, in which they warned that other planes "may be spying on us" from this mysterious phenomena of modern times.

On the opposite tack, "Reynolds News" and the "Sunday Chronicle" gave equal space to what the former called "the Great Flying Saucer Myth."

The "Sunday Express" bannered its flying saucer story under the signature of Gerald Heard, a British science writer. The other supporter of the theory that the odd flying machines are real used an article by Donald Keyhoe, former information chief of the U.S. Department of Commerce, Information Branch.

Both centred today's version of flying saucers on the unexplained death of a fighter pilot, Captain Thomas Mantell, while chasing a "mysterious object" over Fort Knox, Kentucky, on January 7, 1948.

The "Express" added a cartoon to its handling of the subject. It showed a woman and her daughter coming home from a shopping trip, laden with packages—and bills.

"If these people are watching from another world," she tells her husband, "you wouldn't like them to see us in our last year's hats and costumes; would you dear?"

Badges admitting to Members Enclosure will NOT be on sale at the RACE COURSE.

The Branch Office and the Treasurers' Comptrollers' Office will close at 11.00 a.m. and the Secretary's Office at 11.45 a.m. The Treasurers' Comptrollers' Office and the Secretary's Office are situated at 1st Floor, Telephone House.

A limited number of sweepstakes will be obtainable at the Club House provided they are ordered in advance from the No. 1 Branch Office (Tel. 27818).

NO CHILDREN WILL BE ADMITTED TO THE CLUB'S PREMISES DURING THE MEETING.

PUBLIC ENCLOSURE.

The price of admission to the Public Enclosure is \$3.00 including tax for all persons including ladies, and is payable at the Gate.

BOOKMAKERS, TIC-TAC-MEN ETC., WILL NOT BE PERMITTED TO OPERATE WITHIN THE PRECINCTS OF THE HONG KONG JOCKEY CLUB DURING THE RACE MEETING.

MEALS AND REFRESHMENTS WILL BE OBTAINABLE IN THE RESTAURANT IN THE PUBLIC ENCLOSURE.

SERVANTS' PASSES.

servants' passes will be issued to private box holders only, who are requested to distribute them with discrimination and to endorse their names on the passes. Holders of such passes are not permitted in the Members' Enclosure except for passing through on their duties and must remain in their boxes.

BY ORDER,
S. A. GEAR,
Secretary.

Nine persons
killed in
Johore ambush

Singapore, October 16.
Eight police and one civilian were killed on a rubber estate road in Johore yesterday when the lorry, in which they were travelling, was ambushed by terrorists.

The lorry was brought to a halt by an electrically detonated mine in the road. Those killed were six regular and two extra constables and a civilian telecommunications Department man.

Seven members of the police force and two civilian linemen were wounded. A security force patrol from a nearby estate arrived on the scene and drove the terrorists off, killing one. —Reuter.

PEACE PALACE
BURGLARY

The Hague, October 15.
Four burglars were caught early today trying to force the safe of the Peace Palace, seat of the International Court of Justice.

Police said two of the men were well-known Hague burglars and one a former Palace messenger.

A Palace official said that owing to the alarm system in the Palace, the thieves were caught red-handed and had no time to touch anything in the safe, which contained only small amounts of cash for paying the Palace staff.

One of the burglars was a man who had been occasionally employed, but who was never a member of the regular staff. —Associated Press.

POPE ACCLAIMED

Vatican City, October 15.
Over 100,000 people attended the Pope's coronation as he rode

CARNIVAL

By Dick Turner

REUTER

7-14

1950-1951 BY REUTER SERVICE INC. TIME: NO. 5. PAY. OFF.

"Mom, let's see you do that trick Dad says you're so good
at—making the jack disappear!"

ASSERT YOUR FREEDOM

THAT little band of patriots, who launched the greatest of all nations 174 years ago today, would not have been bound by brittle conventions if they had played bridge. When one of those doughty chaps noted that departure from a standard lead was sound tactics, he would have asserted his independence to the confusion of the enemy. Such is the case with an opening lead when your reading of the opponents' probable holdings, through their bidding, shows you a promising way to thwart their project.

A weak 1-No Trump, and his eventual willingness to play at N-Trumps. So he felt that the dummy contained whatever promising stopper the declarer must rely upon in spades.

With that diagnosis, he then proceeded to the prognosis, as the doctors call it. If the stopper happened to be the queen and not the Ace, the Jack lead would ruin South. So, though the standard lead from a suit like this, without any "touching honours", would be the fourth best, he led the J. Now study the result and you will see that regardless of whether South played the Q or not on that trick the defenders would run the whole suit. Also notice that, if West had led any other card in his hand, the declarer would have taken at least ten tricks. The lead of the 7 of spades would have made the Q a third-round stopper. And of course any cut of any other suit would have given South all thirteen tricks.

TOMORROW'S PROBLEM

S A
H A 7 6 4 2
D A K J 9

KOWLOON SHOPPING GUIDE

VARIETY AND
ORIGINALITY

SEND OVERSEAS
BY AIR
NYLONS

IN
IDOL, DEXDALE, KAYSER
MOJUD, HOLEPROOF
FISHNET and MESH
From

ORIENTAL SILK STORE
63, NATHAN ROAD.

PHONE 59755.

SPECIALLY IMPORTED
For
CHRISTMAS PARCELS
XMAS PUDDING • XMAS CAKES
TINNED HAMS • FRUITS AND
MEATS • BISCUITS • SWEETS
JAM • NUTS • CHOCOLATES
CHOOSE YOUR PARCEL

TAI WO COMPRADORE
WILL PACK AND SENT IT
10, Peking Road, Kowloon.

Tel: 56391

FOR YOU
THIS AUTUMN
HAIR THAT IS SOFT AND SHINING
BEAUTIFULLY STYLED TO SUIT
YOUR PERSONALITY

Consult

BETEN'S

Peninsula Hotel Arcade.

Tel. 58081.

EXQUISITE
WEBB CUT GLASS

WINE & COCKTAIL SETS
BEER GLASSES & JUGS
SALAD SETS — VASES
ETC.

J. A. WINDSOR & CO.

D, Hankow Road, Kowloon.

Phone 52158.

New
Shipment
of
Dresses
Just
Received

Excella
A DRESSING GOWN PARADE KOWLOON TEL 50755



AUTUMN SHOPPING SEASON NOW OPEN

Autumn is here and as usual it is the best time for shopping. As you walk down the main thoroughfare on the mainland you will notice that shop windows have recently been redecorated for autumn shopping.

New goods for this season and the winter are already on display. Goods of every description and make which have been recently unpacked now await your inspection and selection.

Christmas gifts have appeared in many shops.

At Tai Wo Compradore special Christmas gifts, carefully selected for export to England are on display in the store's sash windows.

It is true Christmas still seems a long way off but why wait for the rush hour when you can pick your choice presents at a reasonable price now?

Mee Kwong and Company wish to notify customers that a new consignment of electric appliances has arrived at the well-known mainland store.

Electric kettles, which save so much time for housewives, are among high-grade domestic electric equipment recently unpacked. Others include percolators, manufactured by celebrated electric appliances manufacturers, electric irons of the most up-to-date models, lamps and lampshades that will help to brighten up your homes.

A long-time dealer in electric appliances, Mee Kwong and Company wish to assure customers that everything electrical is obtainable there.

Glamour

One of the many ways in which womenfolk obtain their glamour is through a good hair-dresser's.

Where, then, is a better hair-dresser's? Why, Beten's, of course.

For better cutting, styling and the new L'Oreal, French cold wave, yes, Beten's is the right place.

Visit Beten's the next time you want your hair to have that glamorous look and I am sure you will agree with me that Beten's experts really know their job.

The other day, a friend of mine recently arrived from North China was strolling along Nathan Road with me and we walked into North China Industries.

Being an expert on Chinese products, especially those from North China, my friend pointed out to me that the Peking gauze sold at North China Industries is one of the very few genuine Peking products he has come across during his stay in the Colony.

I know why North China Industries has made itself a good name here. Their Chinese fancy

brocades and silks are among the finest obtainable here.

Cut glass

J. A. Windsor and Company have recently received a large selection of cut glass wine sets.

Made of the best cut glass, the wine sets are among the best.

Webb Corbett's beer jug and glass, cocktail shakers and sets are among the large selection.

Silverware sets are also obtainable.

For replacements in wine sets call at J. A. Windsor and Company. They will satisfy you wants.

Ladies wear

Chenille dressing gowns for ladies and children can now be obtained at Bon Ton—the name that spells magic in ladies wear.

Ladies' handbags of plastic in Autumn shades and children's knitted wear are also sold at Bon Ton.

News for Christmas gift parcel seekers! Glamour proudly announces that they will send your Christmas parcels to Old Country.

For mutual convenience, Glamour further announces that the mail for home is open from today to October 26. Place an order for your Christmas gift parcel now with Glamour. Your gift parcels will travel to the Old Country on the steamship Corfu.

Better nylon stockings for longer wear are what the Oriental Silk Store can offer you. Place your orders with the Oriental Silk Store now before the Christmas rush hour is here.

You can now obtain better Chinese handwork linen at the Nan Kwang Trading Company at reasonable prices. Handkerchiefs, Peking porcelain and cloisonne are among the variety of Chinese handwork goods obtainable there.

Also obtainable are varieties of children's hand-embroidered dresses of numerous designs.

Photographers

Do you know that you can engage photographers for any social function from Mayfair Studio? Just notify the studio and a photographer will be pre-

sent at any social function, anywhere in the Colony.

Also for your information, in case the studio is closed a special lighted box on the studio's doors is there for you to drop your roll of film in. Just drop your roll into the box with your name written on it, Mayfair Studio will do the rest for you including sending the developed film and prints to your home.

There are a few things which are obtainable in England, the place where these things are manufactured, and yet obtainable here in the Colony.

Glamour proudly announces that new corduroy, gabardines and other choice materials for clothing which are obtainable in England are obtainable at Glamour.

Glamour further wishes to notify its customers that dresses and clothes of any material can be made to order in 24 hours!

Glamour, though the name suggests that it is an exclusive store for ladies, also deals in men's wear. Men's shirts, socks, pyjamas, dressing gowns and other clothes that make a well-dressed man are obtainable there.

Food parcels

Food parcels for United Kingdom can best be had at the Cheong Hing Stores who specialize in provisions, wines and spirits and foodstuffs.

Cheong Hing Stores also has a daily large selection of fresh vegetables and fruits.

Good news for hockey players! Hockey sticks for ladies and gentlemen have just arrived from England at E. C. Fincher's.

For plastic toys for boys and girls of all ages National Toy Company is the mainland's stronghold of better toys.

Mechanical minded youngsters will find National Toy Company's mechanical toys just the kind they were looking forward to.

Besides toys, games for both in and outdoors are also sold there.

A large selection of morning, afternoon and evening wear of the latest fashion and best shades are now on display at Excella.

DEFENCE PLANS

London, October 14. Mr. Leon Henderson, United States wartime Police Control Administrator, forecast here that Canada, the United States and Britain would set up a joint body to handle defence production.

This body, composed of civilians and Chiefs of Staff, would also allocate strategic raw materials.

Mr. Henderson was speaking yesterday at a university meeting.—Reuter.

KAI TAK'S HISTORY

The piece of land now mostly occupied by the Colony's airport was formerly part of Kowloon Bay.

The vast stretch of water was reclaimed during the early part of 1914.

Four wealthy local Chinese invested about \$1,000,000 to reclaim the area. These men—Ho Kai, Au Kai-yen, Cheung Summing and Ng Ting-fang—formed a syndicate for the reclamation project.

Ho Kai was elected chairman of the syndicate which soon after the project had begun faced serious difficulties in obtaining a sufficient supply of materials due to the outbreak of the First World War.

The reclamation project had to be suspended until shortly after the end of the war.

Soon three of the five planned districts of newly reclaimed land were added to the adjoining hilly lands (Wong Tai Hien and Ngau Chi Wan districts) which were later levelled.

A wealthy Chinese merchant named Chao Sang was said to be the first to make use of the newly reclaimed land by erecting a residential villa.

It was due to the presence of Chao's villa that roads, power and waterlines were built into the new district.

Soon the district had scattered tenement buildings and even vernacular school.

As the district grew, together with other sectors on the mainland, public vehicles extended their route into the newly reclaimed area thus aiding the quick growth of the Kai Tak district, as it was then called.

According to some old Kowloon City residents, the area was named Kai Tak after two of the Chinese merchants who contributed so much in reclaiming the area—Ho Kai and Au Tak.

Chiu Lung Tai Contractors of Wing On Bank Building had the task of reclaiming the vast Kai Tak area.

During the Japanese occupation, the area occupied by the Colony's airport was expanded considerably. Today Kai Tak airport occupies most of the land which was reclaimed in 1914.

BEATIFICATION OF NUN

Rome, October 14. Pope Pius XII will tomorrow proclaim the beatification of a French nun who died 89 years ago. Sister Anne Marie Javouhey whom King Louis Philippe once called "a great man" because her benevolent work needed more than the strength of an ordinary woman.

The solemn beatification ceremony in St. Peter's Basilica will be the seventh of this Holy Year.—Reuter.

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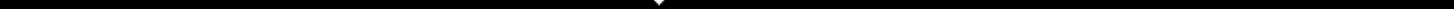
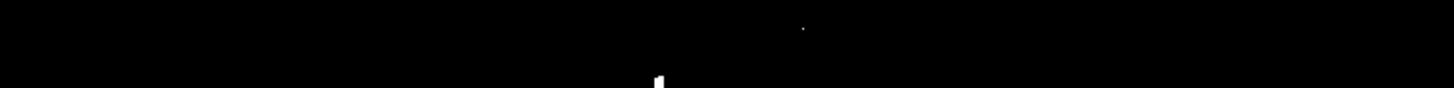
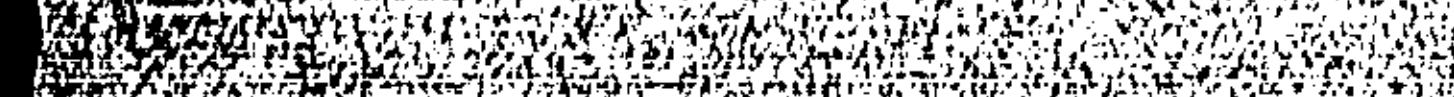
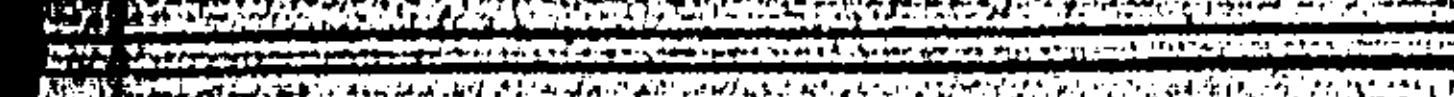
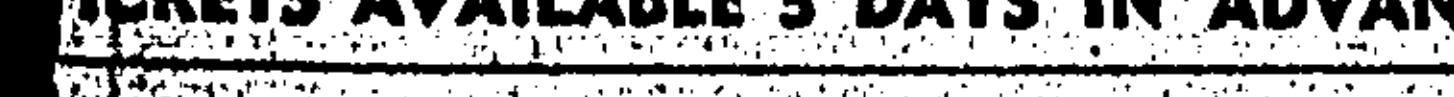
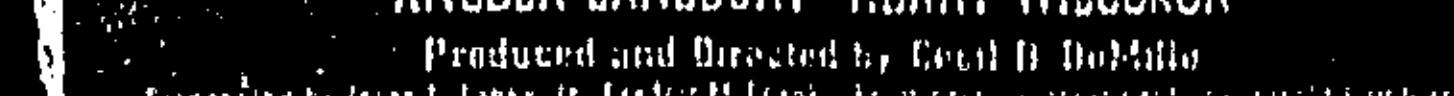
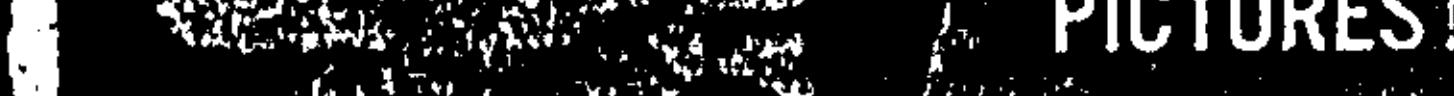
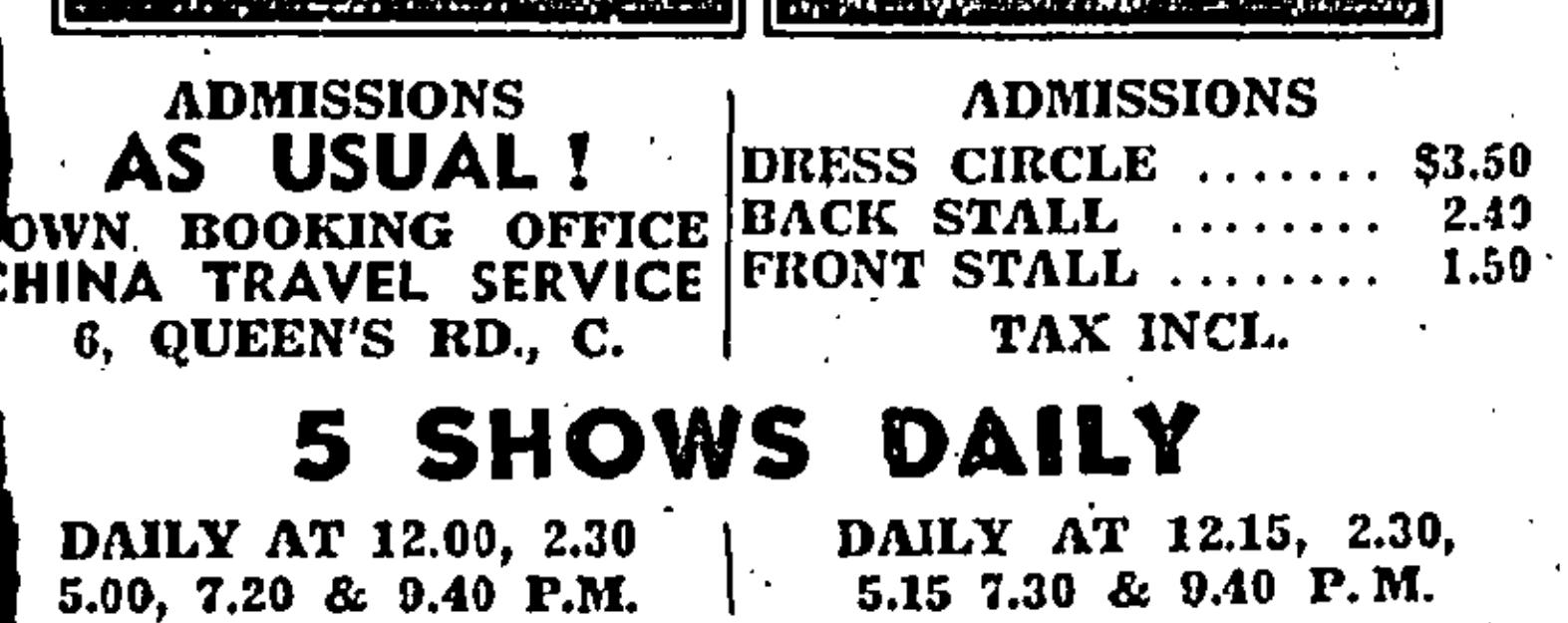
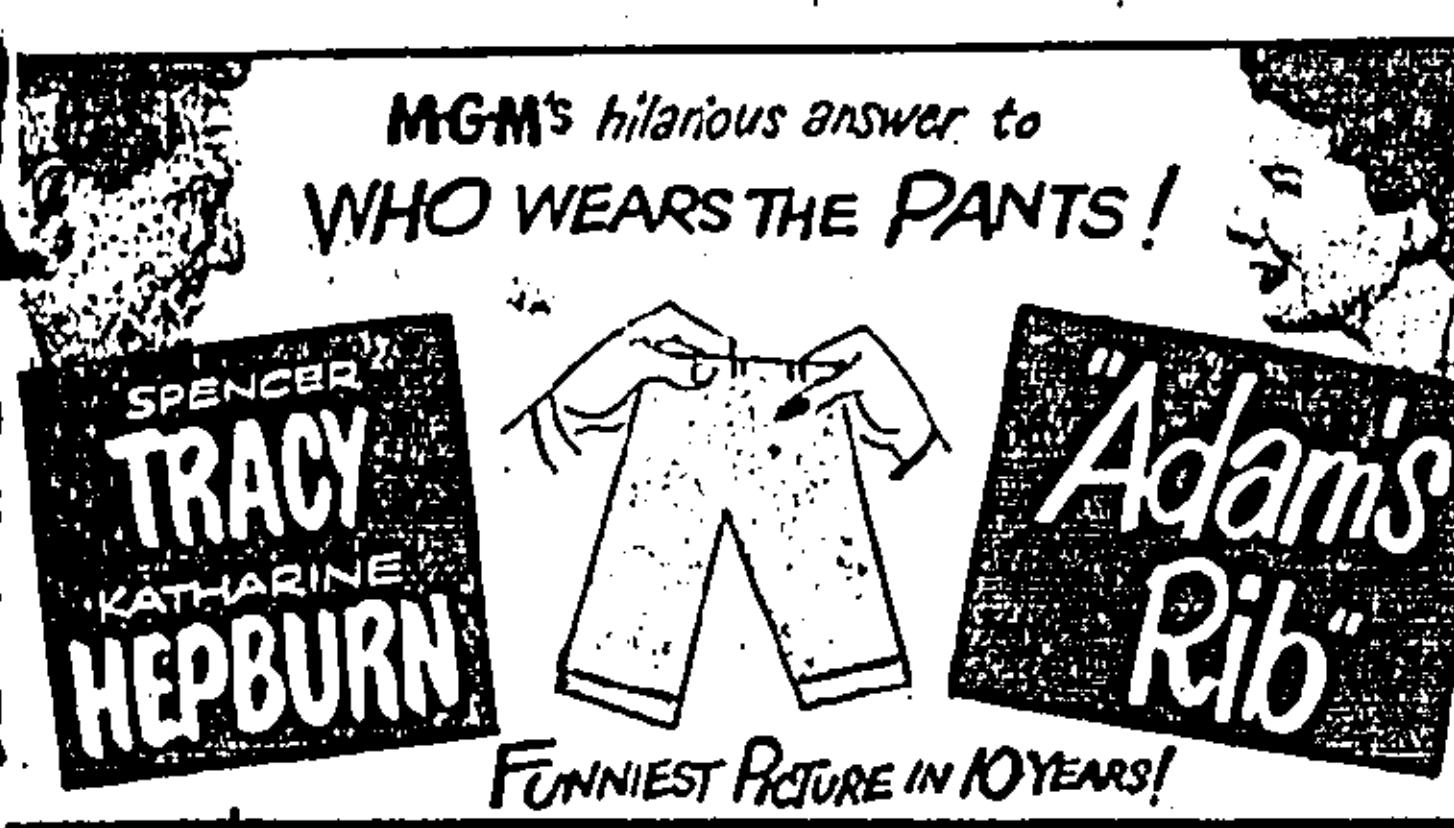
"TOP FLITE" FOR MEN

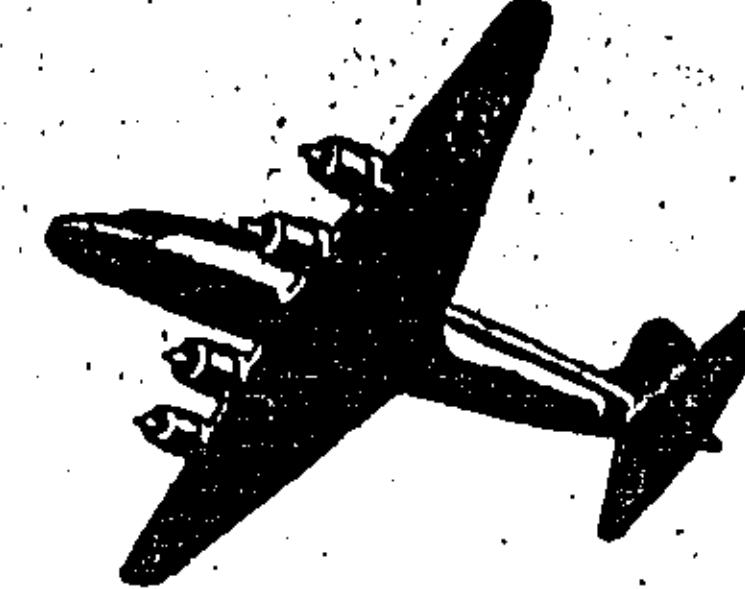
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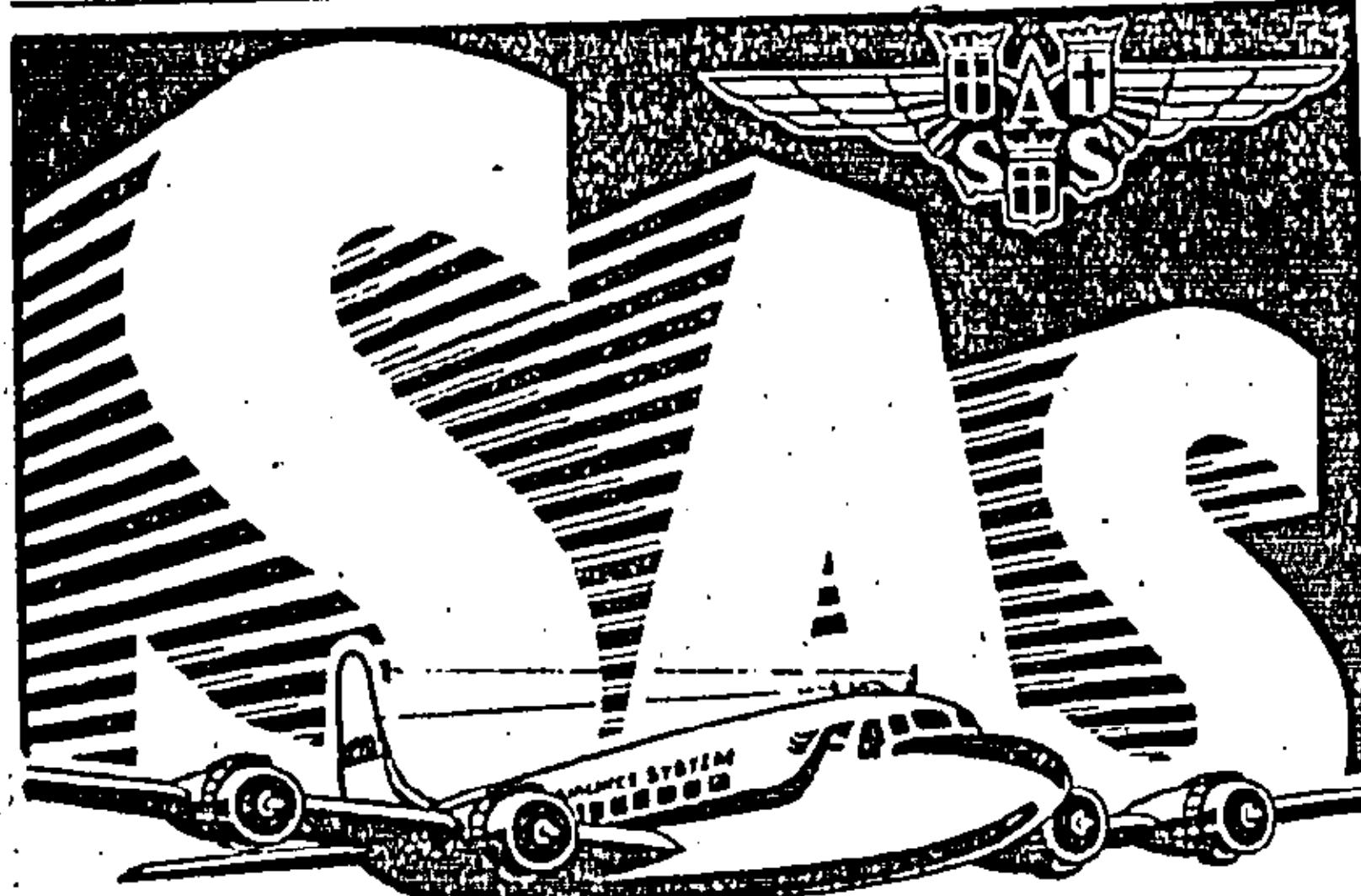
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THE MEETING AT WAKE

Correspondents on the lookout for "hot" copy may have been a trifle hurt by the astonishing brevity of the conference at Wake: all the more so since the story was told in detail by the President himself. But no others on our side of the fence should feel aggrieved. It was, in a sense, a meeting of two great powers. But both belong to one State, of which President Truman happens to be the head, General MacArthur the arm. The fact that the Supreme Commander is also the agent of many other masters by virtue of the role of the United Nations in Korea, merely emphasises the basic relationship between those who frame policy and those who execute it.

It was neither the time nor the occasion for academic jousting on Oriental reactions. It is true that Asians, like most others, rally better to strong and forceful leadership. It is also true that they also rally to conciliatory leadership. But they rally to neither alone. The best results are attained when there is a proper balance between the two, and the next stage must consist largely of efforts to attain that balance.

The keynotes of the President's statement were given in the enunciation of the three assets with which the dangers ahead are to be surmounted. They are (1) an unqualified devotion to peace; (2) unity with other peace-loving members of the United Nations; and (3) "our determination and growing strength." Formosa was not mentioned in the Presidential statement. That does not mean it was not discussed as part of the general picture. Indeed, a very brief statement by General MacArthur indicates that it was, but this time in relation not to Korea but to the security of the Philippines.

The Supreme Commander's historic triumph in Korea in many ways solved the major part of the Formosan problem as it had presented itself during the Korean crisis. But the shift of ground does not imply at the moment any material change in principle. The meeting does, as General MacArthur said, symbolise the determination that peace shall be secured in the Pacific. It also symbolises the determination that it shall be consolidated by statesmanship, for peace in Asia is a problem of many facets, of which the constructive aspects are now more vital than ever.

The President and the Supreme Commander went to the meeting fully primed and prepared. Mr. Truman made it clear that he had carefully digested all the reports sent in by the General, who had also, no doubt, received detailed statements on the policies of his Government. This included the statement presented on Friday to the UN Interim Committee on Korea by the deputy United States representative, Mr. John C. Ross. This formed the major basis of discussion at Wake Island. It reiterated that the United States has no territorial ambitions or any desire for bases in Korea and that the purpose of the military occupation of North Korea is to establish peace and security, so that the Koreans themselves may solve their problems with the aid of the United Nations.

The President will be telling the world more about the matter in his broadcast from San Francisco, tonight. For the moment it is sufficient to know that the talks at Wake were highly satisfactory and revealed a "very complete unanimity of views."

IS THIS A NEW KOREA?

By John Lorraine

are finally gaining the upper hand in this slow-burn war.

The

main cities of Hanoi, Sal-

gon, Hue and Nam-Dinh are

strongly held, and in most of

the rich coastal areas which run

from South China to Shantung, the Govern-

ment of the ex-Emperor Bao Dai

— to which France has granted the

equivalent of Dominion status —

functions well. In the past four

years the guerrillas have lost many

important strong-points, and, in-

deed, millions of adherents.

But today they still hold the

mountains and the backward vil-

lages of the interior. Their

"state," the People's Republic of

Vietnam, with Ho Chi Minh at its

head, makes the laws and collects

the taxes. That it is a fully

blown Communist regime there is

little doubt. It has been recog-

nised by all Russia's satellites.

The war in Vietnam will con-

tinually grow more serious in the

next few weeks, for it rages in one

of Asia's weak points.

And a weak point is what the strategists

of the Kremlin like best. It can

perhaps be grabbed while the

West is not looking.

Whether Vietnam will develop

into another Korea depends en-

tirely on how quickly the Western

Allies — and especially the United

States — can act to contain and

repulse this new Communist of-

fensive.

Seems as if the UN troops h-

not the slightest hesitation

Suan the bankrupt North Kor-

forces.

No, Myrtle, it wasn't a

carpet they put down for

heads of the security

following the second burglary

in royal residence.

Russia is now off

co-operation and peace.

This is all due to Stalin

Good, who wrote the plays

Shakespeare and will show

invent penicillin.

The numbers of pedestri-

in the streets is increasing."

By leaps and bounds?

"MacArthur flies buck-

front."

To keep the smoke out of

eyes?

The Russian Orthodox Chu-

in USA has announced

severing of all connection w-

Russia.

One can't afford to take

chances with J. Purnell Tho

out on parole.

HOTEL MARGATE

But, really, Mrs. Harriden,

when I said it's time we went

to the country I didn't intend

a slight against your hotel.

SECRET SOCIETIES IN WESTERN GERMANY

1. Britain and U.S. are trying to get Germany to form an army which is to be used as cannon fodder to defend Western Europe while the Americans get away and the British retreat onto their island.

2. No German will agree to join any European defence force

unless Germans are allowed to command it.

3. Britain is Germany's bitter enemy in the trade field and will stop at nothing to steal her markets, using her position as an occupying power to gain an unfair advantage over poor, helpless, humiliated Germany.

4. Germany cannot possibly be asked to contribute any more towards occupation costs arising out of the projected increased Anglo-American-French garrison and meeting in secret conclude throughout the Western zones.

Security officials who watched in vain for signs of Nazi "werewolves" after the collapse of the Hitler regime are afraid the present growth of cabalistic activities are a delayed-action result of plotting by the Communists.

Nationalistic

Most of the associations have outwardly nationalistic leanings. They have names like the "League of Youth," the "Brotherhood," the "Searchlight," the "Hedder Youth" (a name designed to sound like Hitler Youth), the "German National Party," the "Friends of Otto Strasser" (the former Nazi leader) and so on.

Their members, mostly young men between the ages of 18 and 30, seem to be led by a hidden "guiding hand"; their utterances and activities follow the same basic lines. Here are some of the current propaganda slogans:

Britain is travel-minded

Today the pictures are coupled with assurances that no German wants to join another Wehrmacht. British officials who keep a poll of German public opinion note that constant repetition of pictures of soldiers and airmen in their smart wartime uniforms and wearing Iron Crosses and other decorations tend to have the opposite effect on the average German's mind.

German newspapers and periodicals in various parts of the British and U.S. zones are also behind the propaganda with every method of persuasion. No week passes without front-page pictures of German soldiers in uniform, former Nazi leaders, and other reminders to their readers of the "good old days" when German armies were advancing victoriously all over Europe.

Assurances

British, long regarded as an international tourist centre, is itself becoming the world's most travel-minded country. After reading end-of-the summer reports from our correspondents as far afield as Sweden and Austria, there is little doubt that more Britons than ever before are going abroad for their holidays. In Sweden this summer, the British tourist "invasion" has broken all records. Before the war, writer Ralph Hewins, British visitors to Sweden never numbered more than 21,000 a year. Last year they totalled 45,000 out-numbering even American tourists by more than 6,000. Now, the latest records show that this summer's British visitors totalled more than 60,000.

Freed from earlier currency restrictions, the Britons crowded to such places as Gothenburg in the South, Marstrand on the West coast, and Rattvik in the cultural heart of the country.

Meanwhile in Austria, the State Tourist Department has just announced that more than 75,000 Britons spent their holidays in Austria this summer—four times as many as last year. Ten thousand of them travelled by car, 1,000 by air, and the rest by train.

The only complaint that the Austrians have against British tourists seems to be that they do not spend enough. The average tourist has been spending £20 on his Austrian holiday. American, French, and Italian tourists, say the Austrians, spend at least twice as much.

But the Austrians do admit that perhaps the "other tourists" had more money to spend. Harmless enough—until one reads the newsheet issued to

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SHIFT OF AMERICAN INTEREST TO WEST?

Decision said made at Wake Island meeting FUTURE OF FORMOSA

Washington, October 15.

President Harry Truman and General Douglas MacArthur apparently have agreed on plans for shifting the bulk of American military power from the Far East to Western Europe immediately after the United Nations victory in Korea is completed.

That is one of the future lines of action clearly indicated by the President's statement on the Wake Island conference this week-end. General MacArthur initiated the document, thereby lending his backing to it. Along with the emphasis on getting United States forces out of Korea, there appeared heavy stress on United Nations action, as distinguished from moves by this country on its own, on problems of the Western Pacific.

This may provide the clue to the main point of the Truman-MacArthur discussion over the highly controversial question of the future of Formosa. For if President Truman followed the line which has been laid down by his advisers here, he undoubtedly told General MacArthur that the United States intends to seek a peaceful settlement of the Formosa issue through the United Nations, does not intend to involve United States forces any more deeply in defense of the island, and will rely on United Nations protection to dissuade the Chinese Reds from trying to take Formosa by force.

There was no immediate clue to how close together the conferences were on this point, though their statement referred to "the very complete unanimity of view" which speeded up their talks.

General MacArthur has taken the stand that Formosa is friendly hands is vital to U.S. security.

The key sentence on American troop deployment as between Europe and Asia, in the Presidential statement, was this:

"We discussed the steps necessary to bring peace and security to the area (Korea) as rapidly as possible in accordance with the intent of the resolution of the United Nations General Assembly and in order to get our armed forces out of Korea as soon as their United Nations mission is complete."

Europe build-up

The wording suggested that the President and his Far Eastern Commander had agreed that it was necessary to get "our armed forces out of Korea" and that the talk had really centred on the timetable by which this might be accomplished. President Truman left Washington particularly anxious to get information on that point from General MacArthur.

That the withdrawal from Korea will result in a build-up in Europe is unquestioned here. The President and the Secretary of State, Mr. Dean Acheson, have already committed the United States to help form, equip and finance a force sufficient to defend Europe against Communist aggression. One effect of Korea has been to speed the process.

Even now American and French officials are conferring on financial

details of European rearmament which will eventually run into billions for the United States. In little more than a week, defense chiefs of all the Atlantic treaty powers will gather here for a decision on the size and other details of the force.

One of the reasons Washington is more than usually alarmed by the trend of fighting in Indo-China is that it may delay the time when the French can begin to pull back some of their own best troops to strengthen their European forces.

The Wake Island statement made no mention of any differences of view which might have arisen between the two men. It also avoided any specific statements of importance on matters without which they may have reached some new agreement.

Link with UN

Throughout the document, however, ran a suggestion that President Truman repeatedly emphasised to General MacArthur that United States policy in the Far Pacific would be closely linked to the United Nations.

This apparently means that in a practical sense President Truman is anxious to accomplish two things:

1. The approval of other friendly nations, expressed through the UN, for measures which United States has taken or may take in the Pacific area and elsewhere.

The use of the prestige of the United Nations as a shield for areas which are or may be under Communist pressure.

Point number two would apply particularly to Formosa. The whole question has been thrown into the United Nations and the United States takes the position that so long as it is there—which would be for years in one form or another—the Chinese Communists cannot attack without in effect assaulting the United Nations.

This country's increasing reliance on the UN is expected to be developed fully by President Truman when he addresses the world organisation in New York on October 24.

Dominant topic

Asian matters displaced other political subjects, not excluding those of Europe, in front page importance as President Truman prepared to make his first policy statement after his Wake Island conference with General MacArthur.

This conference, though much briefer than the recent weekly meetings of the Atlantic Foreign Ministers in New York, created a more intense interest in the public mind as it affected America's cold war policy on the one side and the future of domestic party politics on the other. But Asia is now the dominant topic, as it has been pictured here all along that the American President and his Far Eastern commander (and greater expert on East Asian affairs) have clashed on the question of handling Asia.

Whereas a few weeks ago, stories with an Asian angle could about as easily be found in the voluminous American Press as a needle in a haystack, today the position is different. Problems posed by Asia to the United Nations and to the United States now hit one in the eye from the front to the editorial pages of the newspapers.

In spite of its immediate problems, Korea had receded in importance as well as interest. Instead, Indo-China and India have come more to the fore.

Most newspapers publish elaborately annotated maps of the Eastern region to emphasize that the key problems discussed by President Truman with General MacArthur would have ranged from relations with Nehru to the Japanese peace treaty.

Search for goodwill

The emphasis on Asian questions was further heightened by the day-to-day notice taken of discussions at the Institute of Pacific Relations conference in Lucknow, backed by the opinion that the speakers for the most part seemed to reflect the policies of their Governments.

"American readers learnt that there were a lot of 'anti-American' speeches at the conference

Resignation of Israel Government

Jerusalem, October 15. The Israel Government under Premier David Ben Gurion resigned today.

Religious bloc members of the Coalition Cabinet notified Mr. Ben Gurion after a heated party caucus that they were unwilling to accept the Premier's proposed Cabinet changes and that they were therefore withdrawing from the Government.

Mr. Ben Gurion immediately drove from Jerusalem 30 miles to the Presidential seat in Rehovoth where he handed in his resignation to President Chaim Weizmann.—Associated Press.

Moscow on Wake Island meeting

Moscow, October 15. "Izvestia," organ of the Soviet Government, declared today that the Truman-MacArthur meeting in the Pacific was arranged to "work out plans to 'expand American aggression' in the Far East."

In its first editorial comment on President Harry Truman's conference with General Douglas MacArthur, the paper said "the U.S. Government was making use of the United Nations' resolutions on Korea to extend aggression there, and thereby raise a wave of war psychosis."

In such a psychosis, the paper added, it will be easier to carry out measures and preparations for a new world war.

"Izvestia" said the real meaning of UN resolutions on Korea are "to sanctify, with the authority of the UN, the spreading American occupation over all Korea."

The editorial repeated the Soviet assertion that a "so-called majority" in the UN represents, in fact, only a minority of the world's population.—Associated Press.

it this way: although the Korean adventure went well, "peace" there will be precarious without the sincere support of Russia, China and India, representing half of the world's population.

China and India

The objective of removing Western troops from Korea and the Far East would be unattainable without the goodwill, at least, of China and India.

These two countries keep on coming into every discussion at the present time, especially after India preferred to risk losing "Western grace" over Korea rather than abandon her stand over the admission of Communist China to the United Nations.

It is further realised that though the Security Council has decided to welcome Communist Chinese representatives as witnesses after November 15, the Truman-MacArthur meeting might conceivably have an impact on this question.

Finally, there is the question of the appointment of a new Secretary-General of the United Nations. Soviet Russia is dead set against Mr. Trygve Lie, apparently because he declared North Korea an "aggressor" even before the Security Council did so.

The United States and other countries are more than ever determined to have Mr. Lie as Secretary-General, if only for a partial extension of his term.

But strict interpretation of the Charter may come in the way. It is here that a neutral like India is being privately mentioned.

Mr. Lie is still the likeliest candidate but if for some reason he is not to be the Secretary-General after February, 1951, it is generally believed that an Indian enjoying the confidence of all the delegations would have the best chance.—Associated Press and Reuter.

The Republican horror of Communism is reflected in the comment, "Shall Asia, the cradle of the world's six great religions, be dominated by Communism? Will the lands that gave birth to Confucius, Krishna and Gandhi be preserved for democracy?"

The Democrats, with large purposeful plans for Burnsia will also hang on to the words which the architect of the United Nations action in Korea will pronounce on Tuesday. They figure

in August when General MacArthur sent a statement to the Veterans of Foreign Wars Convention asserting that failure to defend Formosa against a Chinese Communist attack would turn over the fruits of our Pacific victory to a potential enemy.

President Truman ordered the statement to be suppressed but it was already published. He then publicly rebuked General MacArthur for intervening in foreign policy.

But in announcing plans for his visit with the General President Truman had only praise for General MacArthur and these laudatory words were reiterated in his statement issued after the meeting.

The President did not say specifically whether the Formosa question was discussed, but presumably if it was.

State Department officials said before the conference that President Truman wanted to thrash out the whole range of United States anti-Communist strategy in the Orient.—United Press.

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Search for goodwill The emphasis on Asian questions was further heightened by the day-to-day notice taken of discussions at the Institute of Pacific Relations conference in Lucknow, backed by the opinion that the speakers for the most part seemed to reflect the policies of their Governments.

"American readers learnt that there were a lot of 'anti-American' speeches at the conference

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MacArthur won over to Mr. Truman's view?

Honolulu, October 15. Correspondents travelling with President Truman arrived back in Honolulu early today, still bewildered by the brevity of the Wake Island conference between President Truman and General Douglas MacArthur, which scarcely lasted two hours.

The meeting, which brought President Truman and his chief aides over 7,500 miles, was expected to have been spun out in lengthy discussion of differences between the Truman Administration and General MacArthur on United States Far Eastern policy.

Observers thought it possible that General MacArthur had been won over to the Administration's policy on Formosa, which has been a focal point of difference between the Government and the Far Eastern Commander.

Though Formosa was not mentioned in the President's statement after the meeting, it was considered highly improbable that Mr. Truman would have missed the opportunity, either at the conference or in private, of stressing to General MacArthur that he would brook no interference in foreign policy matters.

It was believed possible that the President, with the bucking of his aides, had been able to convince General MacArthur of the dangers inherent in his advocacy of American intervention in Formosa.

Significantly, the President's statement did stress that the conference was characterised by very complete unanimity of view.

General MacArthur declined to comment to correspondents at the end of the conference.

No friction

Observers believed that foremost in Mr. Truman's mind on meeting General MacArthur would have been the General's message last August to the Veterans of Foreign Wars advocating American intervention to hold Formosa against the Communists—a message which the President ordered suppressed.

At that time, the Administration had unequivocally laid down the policy that the United States was only interested in neutralising Formosa pending a settlement of its future status under a Japanese peace treaty or by the United Nations.

The Wake Island conference appears to have passed off as a cordial meeting with no hint of friction.

If General MacArthur has, in fact, been reconciled to the Government's policy, it would reflect greatly to Mr. Truman's credit in his handling of a delicate situation.

The President will fly to San Francisco early on Monday and is expected to spend his stay there working on a speech for the night of October 17 in which he will be required to report on the Wake Island conference.—Reuter.

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UNAN	Tsingtao & Tientsin	3 p.m. 19th Oct.
HENGKING	Keeling	5 p.m. 20th Oct.
PAKHOI	Yokohama, Nagoya, Osaka & Kobe	5 p.m. 23rd Oct.
SHANSI	Bangkok	3 p.m. 22nd Oct.
HANKING	Singapore & Penang	5 p.m. 24th Oct.
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WEIYANG	Bangkok & Saigon	19th/20th Oct.
HENGKING	Keeling	22nd Oct.

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HANGSHA	Kobe	7 a.m. 18th Oct.
HANGTE	Australia & Manila	8th Nov.

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ACHISES	Liverpool & Glasgow via Manila	7th Nov.
ELEUS	Genoa, Marseilles, Liverpool & Glasgow	8th Nov.

Scheduled Sailings from Europe.

PELEUS	13 Sept.	17 Sept.	In Port
AGAPENOR	21 Sept.	—	20 Oct.
ANCHISES	28 Sept.	—	2 Nov.
AENEAS	4 Oct.	—	8 Nov.
PATROCLUS	13 Oct.	17 Oct.	15 Nov.
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"ELECTION" IN EAST GERMANY

Berlin, October 15. East Germany's Red government announced tonight that 95 per cent of voters in the Soviet zone endorsed the proposed Communists' National Front in today's election. It was a dual count. An estimated 13,000,000 East Germans under the close scrutiny of Soviet troops and Communists cast their votes in the polls in a "no" to the unprecedented "front" of Hitler's regime.

Voters returning to office took a year term in Parliament, 20 per cent Communists and 30 per cent collaborators. The Parliament had been set up by the Nazis just a year ago without election.

Headquarters of the zone announced the tabulation nearly two hours before the election at 8.00 p.m. Since no one was able to vote "no" on the single list ticket, participation in the election meant a vote for the current Communist Parliament. A headquarters announcement said "never before the tabulation of the East German Democratic Republic in such unity."

The tabulation will not be made before Monday, or in the election regarded as a "no" to the Western authorities. The Duke had slightly improved this morning. His condition is still critical, however, partly due to his advanced age. He is 67.

The royal couple will live in the Duke's hunting lodge near Guntunden, Guntunden, Corfu.

GREEK KING IN AUSTRIA

Wels, Austria, October 15. The King and Queen of Greece arrived here by plane this morning to see the Queen's father, seriously ill in a local hospital.

King Paul and Queen Frederika were met at the U.S. Army airport near here by Colonel Marlon Pharr, after a non-stop flight from Athens in an American plane. With a military police escort they were rushed to the bedside of the Duke of Brunswick and Cumberland, who was taken to the Wels Hospital early on Friday morning, suffering from pleurisy.

Hospital authorities said the Duke had slightly improved this morning. His condition is still critical, however, partly due to his advanced age. He is 67.

The royal couple will live in

BRITAIN'S SHORTAGE OF DEFENCE FORCES

TURKISH FRONTIER CLOSURE

Ankara, October 15. Turkey will keep her frontier with Bulgaria closed until a satisfactory understanding is reached on the return of the Turkish minority settled in Bulgaria, a usually well-informed source said here today.

The Turkish Government's closing of the frontier a week ago marked the heightened tension over the Bulgarian threat to expel 250,000 Turks settled in Bulgaria to their homeland.

The source said that the decision to keep the frontier closed would be the main point of a Turkish note to Bulgaria, which had now been drafted, if not already communicated to Bulgaria.

He added that the note declared: "We should accept only such number of immigrants as we can accommodate satisfactorily."

Such a working would apparently constitute a clear rejection of the Bulgarian attempt to expel the 250,000 Turks in the three-month period starting August 10 this year.

Some communists believe that Bulgaria never meant this threat seriously and had simply been manoeuvring in an attempt to get into a position from which she could denounce the 1925 Emigration Convention and make Turkey look responsible for the breach.—Reuter.

JOHN RASKOB DEAD

Centreville, Maryland, October 15. Mr. John J. Raskob, who helped teach America how to buy cars on the installment plan and was one-time Democratic National chairman, died early on Sunday. He was 71.

The former chairman of the Finance Committee of General Motors, associate of the Du Ponts of Wilmington, friend of Al Smith and one of the nation's leading industrialists, suffered a heart attack at his Eastern Shore estate near here—Associated Press.

REDS' LATEST

Prague, October 15. It was announced here tonight that a "peace rally race" would be held, whose participants will start from the capital of the various countries, sending delegates to the World Peace Congress in Sheffield, which will be the finishing point.

The longest run will be from Sofia, in Bulgaria, to Sheffield via France.—Reuter.

London, October 16. Britain has often been accused during the past few months of not pulling her weight in international security. She was little and late in sending help to Korea, her critics say.

The reason, according to official sources here, is: "You can't fill a quart bottle from a pint jug"—there just aren't enough defence forces to go around.

The approximately 4,500 soldiers which she finally contributed in August came from Hong Kong, where they were badly missed. The Hong Kong Garrison was replaced by reserves called from Britain, and all regular army personnel must stay in service indefinitely.

The Royal Navy has been in the Korean battle since 12 hours after the invasion and for some time had more ships on the scene than the Americans. The British Far Eastern Air Force has sent a squadron of Sunderlands Flying Boats for reconnaissance. The United States command would like more, but realises that Britain's war in Malaya has first priority.

Officials here declared bluntly that the strongest forces, particularly in the air, must remain near home to defend Europe. "If we disperse our strength too widely, we play into the Russians' hands," a Government official said.

Strategy pulls two ways at once. To fight a cold war, you need large forces dispersed over a wide area. To prepare for a hot war, you must build up concentrated reserves, ready to be despatched to battle anywhere. Britain's resources are too small to fight one kind of war while preparing for another, according to officials.

Severe ration

Men, money and guns are rationed here as severely as beef or butter, and must be spread to cover the Malayan hot war, plus the cold war in Germany, Austria, Hong Kong and the Middle East, plus the "normal" functions of defending the Empire and shipping routes.

For these jobs, officials say, the armed forces are already inadequate, for the following reasons:

1. Full employment. Few men will join the Army if they can do as well "on the outside." Britain has enjoyed full employment since the war, and the Forces do not attract qualified men. Tied to this is:

2. Pay. A new pay-scale became operative on October 1, which gave a recruit 40 shillings per week, a big improvement over his former 28 shillings weekly pay. The Forces still

cannot compete with civilian earnings, even if free is taken into account.

A liability

3. National Service. The draft has been a liability in fighting the cold war, even though it builds a potential reserve for the hot war. Twelve of the draftees' 18 months are spent in training, and a major part of the Regular Army must be employed as instructors.

Hence the Regulars' "strategic reserve"—troops which would have been available for Korea—almost non-existent. Extension of the draft to two years, effective on October 1, will give the Army 50,000 more usable troops in six months, 100,000 by the end of a year.

4. Economies on new equipment. The Royal Air Force was hardest hit in this respect. Transports and other rear units will remain stationary this year while all 20 fighter squadrons are converted to jet. Jet bombers are now in production, but the RAF has no active service at the moment only 70 U.S. B-29's and the semi-obsolete Lancaster.

The new defence programme, passed by Parliament in September, will go along toward increasing Britain's strength to match her commitments.

But they may not succeed in making a quart bottle out of a pint jug.—United Press.

Speed of light in error

London, October 15. A British scientist said today he had confirmation from both United States and Swedish experts of his discovery that the accepted speed of light was in error by 1/100 miles in nearly 200,000.

The scientist, Dr. Louis Essen of the Government-controlled National Physical Laboratory, said his figure for the speed of light was 186,282 miles a second. The accepted figure since 1935 has been 186,271 miles per second.

Dr. Essen said independent experiments by Carl Asplund of the U. S. Coast and Geodetic Survey and a Swedish scientist named Dr. Eriks Berks Bergstrand, Swedish Government Geodesist, had confirmed his findings.

Dr. Essen and Dr. Asplund both used radio waves in their experiments, while the Swedish scientist used a system of optical measurements, Dr. Essen said.

The correction, Dr. Essen said, will be of special value in radar surveying and mapping as well as in astronomical calculations.

Calculation of the speed of light was first attempted in 1870 when early scientists estimated it at 192,000 miles per second.—Associated Press.

The correction, Dr. Essen said, will be of special value in radar surveying and mapping as well as in astronomical calculations.

Calculation of the speed of light was first attempted in 1870 when early scientists estimated it at 192,000 miles per second.—Associated Press.

He takes the letter out and asks Mr. Cheung: "Is this letter yours?"

Mr. Cheung answers: "That's right."

"Please give it to me."

The clerk says: "It can't be done."

You must have evidence to prove that you are Chang Lo Sam that can be done."

Mr. Cheung then goes to a photographer's.

He has a photograph taken.

He takes the photograph to the post office and gives it to the clerk to examine.

He asks:

"Does this photograph prove that I am Chang Lo, Sam?"

The clerk glances at the photograph, then looks at him, and says: "That's right."

This is you."

"Take the letter away!"

British air games at end

London, October 16.

Britain's biggest post-war air games ended today in what the Air Minister, Arthur Henderson, said was a demonstration of the machine-like integration of Western air power.

Airmen from six Western nations, including the United States, drew high praise from Mr. Henderson at the close of "Operation Emperor," designed to test both Britain's defences against atom attack and the efficiency of new bombing techniques.

There was no public announcement of the success of the exercises beyond Mr. Henderson's statement that "preliminary assessments of the results are encouraging."

Admittedly many bombers drove through Britain's defences to deliver their theoretical loads of atom bombs. But the defenders claimed a high percentage of successful interceptions.



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"TJISADANE" 16th Nov. 24th Oct.
"TEGELBERG" 18th Nov. 4th Nov.

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JAPAN ARRIVALS SAILINGS

"RYNKERK" 7th Nov. 22nd Oct.
"LANGLESCOT" 7th Dec. 22nd Nov.
"MARIEKERK" early Jan. early Dec.

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m.v. "CEYLON" 4th Dec.

SAILINGS TO EUROPE

m.v. "TONGHAI" 31st Oct.

m.v. "BALI" 29th Nov.

m.v. "CEYLON" 1st Dec.

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TIN AT A NEW HIGH

New York, October 15. The price of tin climbed to a new record high of \$1.12 a pound, and a statistical report showed smelter zinc stocks have dwindled to a 25-year low.

These developments were highlights of the metals news this week as producers awaited the full impact of priority defence orders on a market already pinched by severe shortages and overwhelming demand.

So far, "do" orders have not reached primary metals suppliers in any significant volume. But they are expected to gain momentum shortly.

Meanwhile, although the established market prices for most of the major metals have been firmly held unchanged, gray market premium prices are still going up.

Domestic copper, for example, was still officially priced at 24-1/2 cents a pound. But distress buyers forced to turn to scrap for conversion were reported paying 28 to 30 cents for the resulting refined metal. Some gray market prices for refined have run even higher.

And zinc, officially priced at 17-1/2 cents, East St. Louis, was reported selling for 25 to as high as 32 cents in outside deals. Some of the activity in this outside market represented brokers buying zinc concentrates in competition with regular processors, at prices higher than the regular buyers can pay and still sell at the established producer quotations.

Tin settled back to \$1.11-1/2 here by the week-end, when the Korean war broke out, tin was quoted at about 70 cents. During World War Two, it was 52 cents.

The American zinc institute this week reported slab zinc stocks at smelters fell to 10,207 tons by the end of September, a drop of 4,184 tons during the month and the lowest level since December of 1929 (when stocks were about 9,000 tons.)

The prices Major non-ferrous metals prices:

Copper, 24-30 cents a pound, Connecticut Valley. Foreign same, New York.

Lead, 16 cents a pound, New York, 15.80 cents. St. Louis, foreign 16 cents nominal, Gulf Mexico ports.

Zinc, 17.50 cents a pound, East St. Louis, 18.22 cents New York, foreign 21 cents nominal, Gulf Mexico ports.

Aluminum, 10 cents a pound, ingots, shipping points, pigs 18 cents.

Antimony, 35.28 cents a pound, cast in New York, 32 cents bulk, Laredo, Texas.

Manganese, 48 per cent ore, nearby contracts 78 to 81 cents a long ton unit (24 lbs.) nominal U.S. ports duty paid.

Ferromanganese, 78 to 82 per cent manganese, \$172 to \$175 a gross ton shipping point.

Nickel, 48 cents a pound, electrolytic cathodes, Port Colborne, Ontario, 51.22 cents New York.

Platinum, \$100 an ounce, wholesale, \$102 retail New York.

Silver, 72.75 cents an ounce, New York, 63.5 pence London, Tin, \$1.11-1/2 a pound, New York.

Quicksilver, \$88 to \$91 a gross (76 lbs.) New York.

Tungsten ore, \$38 a ton unit (20 lbs.) nominal, New York.

Domestic sheeple, \$38.00 per ton.

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MELIX ROUSSEL" ... " Marseilles 20th Oct.

SAILINGS
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MARSEILLAISE" Japan 22nd Oct.
MARSEILLAISE" to Marseilles via Manila 8th Nov.

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MELIX ROUSSEL" ... N. Africa & Europe 15th Dec.

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CHINA MAIL

HONG KONG, TUESDAY, OCTOBER 17, 1950.

Tennis Championships:

TSAI AND MRS. CHOW ENTER FINAL OF MIXED DOUBLES

SCHOOL SOCCER

The following is the soccer school league programme for Sunday Senior League.

Wah Yan A.M. v Yaumati (Navy 2, 11 a.m.).

D. E. S. v Queen's College (D. B. S. ground 11 a.m.).

Wah Yan P.M. v St. Joseph's (Navy 1, 10 a.m.).

La Salle v Talkoo (Police Ground, 11 a.m.).

Junior League Kowloon

Ying Wah v Yaumati A.M. (Police, 10 a.m.).

D.D.S. v Yaumati A.M. (D.B.S. 10 a.m.).

Wah Yan A.M. v E. K. A.M. (Army Boundary 10 a.m.).

Hong Kong "A" Section

Wah Yan A.M. v E. K. A.M. (Navy 2, 11 a.m.).

St. Paul's v St. Joseph's (Navy 2, 10 a.m.).

Northgate Training School v

Hong Kong "B" Section

Wanchai A.M. (Navy 2, 11 a.m.).

E. K. P.M. v King's College (Caroline Hill 10 a.m.).

G. V. M. S. v Wanchai P.M. (Caroline Hill 11 a.m.).

Queen's College v Wah Yan P.M. (Army, Happy Valley, 10 a.m.).

GOLF NOTES

Winner of the Bojey Pool played at Faifung during the week-end was C. J. Ketola (7) who returned a net score of 70 making him all square with Bojey.

The Second Knock-out Mixed Foursomes competition at Deep Water Bay has been completed. The winners were Mr. and Mrs. J. Marshall who defeated Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Ketola in the final by 4 and 3 which gave them their second victory this summer.

The competition for next week-end at Faifung will be Stapleford on the New Course.

CAN'T BE TOPS ON TURNIPS

The American colonel in Ernest Hemingway's latest book says the English language is about all we have left, and before long "Cripes will probably ration it."

Who can doubt that such impressions of decadent Britain have been fostered and fed by our persistent defeats in the fields of international sport?

Outside the Commonwealth, the beatings at Association football, golf, tennis, boxing have led to "Poor old Britain" talk. Inside the Commonwealth, England's slump into third place in the cricket grading tends to create the same impression.

Why has everything gone wrong at once?

Blod by war

We were bled white by the war. We undoubtedly suffered more than other countries. Do food restrictions complete the explanation? Listen to this cry from H. Branton, Beechergate Park Farm, Liddington, Beds: "This country has been rationed for 11 years. Young people between the ages of, say, 11 and 22 have been short of good food at a vital time."

"Don't meat, bacon, fats and milk stand for anything?"

"Couldn't one detect the bigger meat-eaters when Bakal, Savo and Woodcock stripped?"

"Isn't it significant that our footballers at Rio were the only ones who were rationed? Some nations there had never been on rations."

"What did doctors order in the old days after an illness? Tea-leaf, or cabbage-juice?"

"Of course the foreigners are faster and quicker. If you want a horse to do a good day's work do you limit its corn?"

"A German general was asked the cause of defeat in the 1914-1918 war. He replied: 'When turnips were substituted for meat'."

"Next to skill in sport come stamina. Nerves and concentration cannot be maintained unless a fellow is well fed."

"In cricket in this country we have seventeen County Championship sides; thirteen Minor County sides; two universities playing regularly, with coaches and tutors; many northern, Jiangsu sides; work teams with coaches; colleges and schools with coaches and lecturers; thousands of smaller clubs; hundreds of village greeners. And yet, in the last nine Test matches in England, we have won only once."

Undermined

More than one from Harle

In the Colony Mixed Doubles tennis semi-final played at the Ladies Recreation Club yesterday, Edwin Tsai and Mrs. M. Chow defeated K. C. Dao and Mrs. E. Litton after three sets 3-6, 6-1, 6-4.

Play reached a high standard at times, especially in the second and third set.

Neither Tsai nor his partner Mrs. Chow could find their touch in the opening set and dropped it, six games to three.

Tsai was continually netting easy winners and his smashes were wide of the mark.

Mrs. Chow also appeared unsettled at the start and it was not till the beginning of the second set before they got going.

Both players appeared to be in their element during the second set, with Tsai dominating the forecourt while Mrs. Chow gave him admirable support on the baseline.

K. C. Dao was inclined to take most of the play onto himself and this left wide open spaces in his side of the court which Tsai and Mrs. Chow used to the best advantage. They won six games in one thus forcing the playing of he decider.

Slight edge

In the final set all four players were seen at their best with the eventual winners having slight edge.

Tsai continued to dominate the forecourt and his smashes and cross-court cuts won many points.

Dad and Mrs. Litton took an early lead of two games to one but Tsai and Mrs. Chow levelled the score by forceful drives and smashes which caught Dad and his partner out of position.

Results

The following are the results of tennis matches played at the Ladies Recreation Club yesterday:

Colony Mixed Doubles (Semi-final)

Edwin Tsai and Mrs. Mary Chow beat K. C. Dao and Mrs. E. Litton 3-6, 6-1, 6-4.

Club Ladies Singles (Semi-final)

Mrs. D. Armstrong beat Mrs. A. Tamworth 6-2, 4-6, 6-1.

Handicap Mixed Doubles (Semi-final)

Dr. G. Smart and Mrs. Barty beat D. R. Holmes and Mrs. A. Sainsbury 6-4, 6-3.

Handicap Men's Doubles (Final)

K. B. Baker and R. A. Mead beat Major Young and H. M. Newton 6-8, 6-4, 6-4.

Today's matches

The following are the matches to be played at LRC today:

Colony Mixed Doubles (Semi-final)

W. J. D. Cooper and Mrs. Andrewes v Mr. and Mrs. K. H. Ip.

Club Ladies Doubles (Final)

Mrs. A. Sainsbury and Mrs. A. Barty v Mrs. Tamworth and Mrs. Armstrong.

Handicap Men's Singles (Final)

C. G. M. Newton v N. Cooke.

Inter-Hong Championship

H. M. Newton and W. L. Howard (APC) v H. Owen-Hughes and G. N. Gosano (Harry Winkler).

Hardcourt Championships

The Colony Hardcourt Open Tennis Championships sponsored by the Chinese Recreation Club began yesterday when five matches in the Open Men's Singles were played off on the Club Courts.

The closest match of the afternoon was between Wong Kam-sheung, last year's Schoolboys' Singles runner-up and Choy Tin-shu, one of CRC's most promising young players.

Choy managed to beat Wong 7-5, 7-5. Victory was his mainly because of his superior stamina and steadiness during the fairly long rallies.

Wong Kam-sheung, who is also entered for the Schoolboys' Singles again this year impressed with his fine drives both forehand and backhand but was inclined to be erratic at times.

Another closely contested match was between David King and Choy Tin-wah with Choy emerging winner by 10-8, 6-3.

Donald Lo of the Hong Kong University experienced no great difficulty in defeating Cheng Tin-shu 6-4, 6-0. K. C. A. Ball easily accounted for youthful Peter Ng 6-0, 6-2, while Dr. George Chao proved too experienced for Cheung Sang and won 6-2, 6-1.

The following are the results:

Open Men's Singles

Choy Tin-kai beat Wong Kam-sheung 7-5, 7-5; D. Lo beat Cheng Tin-shu 6-4, 6-0; Dr. George Chao beat Choung Sang 6-2, 6-1; Choy Tin-wah beat David King 10-8, 6-3; K. C. A. Ball beat Peter Ng 6-0, 6-2.

Today's games:

George Lin, Jr. vs. Edwin Tsai; Tsui Yun-pui vs. Au Kam-moon; Kwoh Pui-yuk vs. Chung Wing-kwong; F. T. Lin vs. Z. Li Sia.

MCC VS. WEST AUSTRALIA

Port, October 19.

The MCC won 239 for two wickets at the close of play here today in reply to the Western Australian team's 103.

McCullum, Chevallier and

McNaughton, the

and

and